

Fast Facts: Reproductive Health and Family Planning in Morris County

- **870 cases** of bacterial sexually transmitted diseases in 2015¹ - a **68.3 percent increase** since 2009²
- **7 percent increase** in the number of breast cancer cases among all Morris County women since 2009 - compared to a **-50 percent decrease** for Black women and a **180 percent increase** for Latinas³
- **867 people** living with HIV in Morris County in 2015⁴
- **14,620 women** in need of publicly funded contraceptive services and supplies, a **3 percent increase** since 2010⁵

Sources:

1. New Jersey Department of Health, Division of HIV, STD, and TB Services. 2016. 2015 Comprehensive STD by County. <http://www.nj.gov/health/hivstdtb/stds/stats.shtml>
2. PPAFNJ calculations from 2009-2015 NJ STD data available here: <http://www.nj.gov/health/hivstdtb/stds/stats.shtml>
3. PPAFNJ calculations from 2009-2013 NJ cancer data available here: <http://www.cancer-rates.info/nj>
4. Guttmacher Institute. 2015. Contraceptive Needs and Services, 2013 Update. <http://www.guttmacher.org/pubs/win/contraceptive-needs-2013.pdf>
5. New Jersey Department of Health, Division of HIV, STD, and TB Services. 2016. New Jersey HIV/AIDS Epidemiologic Overview, 2015. <http://hiv.rutgers.edu/wp-content/uploads/2016/05/HIVAIDS-Overview-for-2015-MAY-10-2016-3.pdf>



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