

# Fast Facts: Reproductive Health and Family Planning in New Jersey

- **37,657 cases** of bacterial sexually transmitted diseases in 2015<sup>1</sup> - a **35 percent increase** since 2009<sup>2</sup>
- **5.2 percent increase** in the number of cases of breast and cervical cancer among all New Jersey women since 2009 - compared to a **6.6 percent increase** for Black women and a **25.1 percent** increase for Latinas<sup>3</sup>
- **37,435 people** living with HIV in New Jersey in 2015<sup>4</sup>
- **435,060 women** in need of publicly funded contraceptive services and supplies, a **5 percent increase** since 2010<sup>5</sup>

Sources:

1. New Jersey Department of Health, Division of HIV, STD, and TB Services. 2016. 2015 Comprehensive STD by County. <http://www.nj.gov/health/hivstdtb/stds/stats.shtml>
2. PPAFNJ calculations from 2009-2015 NJ STD data available here: <http://www.nj.gov/health/hivstdtb/stds/stats.shtml>
3. PPAFNJ calculations from 2009-2013 NJ cancer data available here: <http://www.cancer-rates.info/nj>
4. Guttmacher Institute. 2015. Contraceptive Needs and Services, 2013 Update. <http://www.guttmacher.org/pubs/win/contraceptive-needs-2013.pdf>
5. New Jersey Department of Health, Division of HIV, STD, and TB Services. 2016. New Jersey HIV/AIDS Epidemiologic Overview, 2015. <http://hiv.rutgers.edu/wp-content/uploads/2016/05/HIVAIDS-Overview-for-2015-MAY-10-2016-3.pdf>



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